



SAIMUN 2022

Resolution #210

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POWERED BY MODEL UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE MANAGER

Committee: SPECPOL

Topic: The question of legal status of refugees

Main Submitter: Japan

Co-submitters: Cambodia, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Denmark, Fiji, Gabon, Greece, Iran, Lebanon, Malta, Mexico, Monaco, Peru

Referring to the UN definition of a refugee as a person who 'owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion, is outside the country of his nationality, and is unable to or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country' in accordance with article 1 in the 1951 convention in relation to the status of refugees,

Defines the UNHCR as the "United Nations High Commissioner For Refugees",

Aware of the urgency of this issue due to the growing effects seen by climate change and natural disasters,

Taking into account the effects of conflicts, such as the current crisis in Ukraine, on the displacement of individuals globally,

Conscious of the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), in particular SDG17 , which encompasses all SDGs that aim to help refugees,

Expressing its concern that 4,407 refugees and migrants died in 2021 exceeding the previous year by almost 200,

Deeply disturbed that over 84 million people were forcibly displaced due to persecution, conflict or violence by mid-year 2021,

Recalling article 13 of the UDHR which states that 'everyone has the right to leave any country , including their own and to return to their home country' and therefore supporting all displaced persons obtaining refugee status and being treated with respect in their country of refuge,

Believes refugees should be accepted into any countries with the correct facilities by introducing a flash visa scheme where special visas can be given to refugees quickly so they can reach safety from violence or danger,

1. Calls for the integration of refugees into national systems in their country of refuge which will provide:
 - a. housing, water, food, healthcare and education in accordance with UN S.D.Gs 2, 3, 4, 6 and 10 and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - b. employment and membership of a trade union in accordance with UN S.D.G 8 and 10;

2. Urges

Member States to grant all refugees equal status, regardless of their country of origin, ethnicity, or religious beliefs in order to combat

3. Recommends

the creation of a bi-annual conference to be held online on World Refugee Day, 20th June, overseen by the UNLACR which will

- a. creating mutual definitions between member nations as to the criteria required for asylum seekers to
- b. the disclosure of Member States on the number of refugees they have taken in and rationale in the in
- c. holding discussions which will be held to predict the future of human mass migration due to climate
- d. propose up to date solutions to the situation as it develops,
- e. updating the status of refugees on bi-annual basis through a reapplication for asylum in order to foster

4. Suggests

, the world bank provide funding, overseen UNHCR to member nations receiving refugees to help build infrastructure and accomm

5. Calls

for the creation of a mass media campaign to educate people about the circumstances result in refugees seeking asylum and to help

6. Further Urges

the creation of a new sub-committee of the UNHCR [the UN High Commissioner for Refugees] called the “United Nations Legal A

- a. providing all eligible member states with the resources to conduct Refugee Status Determination (RSD),
- b. implementing Statutory Instruments for Protection for refugees within UN member states;
- c. Providing translators and translation services to member nations which require them
- d. Advising governments to organise regular public seminars directed at aiding refugees in legal matters, run in

7. Strongly Advises

that member nations set up centres with for asylum processing, speeding up the process and prioritise the protection of the people i

8. Invites

member nations with help from UNHCR and any relevant NGOs to offer refugee status to individuals meeting the above criteria, v

- a. residency permit lasting a minimum of 2 years, after this time period a refugee will be able to gain full citizenship, through th
- b. the right to apply for family reunification treatment in line with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

9. Further Suggests

the creation of a international free hotline available and a website with information alongside the hotline in all member states to

- a. provide immigrants about local laws and political systems
- b. inform refugees of opportunities for employment and housing in their respective area
(India) amendment to the second degree

